Running the Numbers

Figure 1:

Approx						200							
the													
West	err	F	r.	mt	d	ur	in	g	the	y	ea	r 1	918
Americ	an		3e .				À.		4	4		25	,50
British	4.7	40	4	4				-6	+			11	, 80
French		1	4		y.	*		2	*	4	*	11	40
Germa	7										ge e	12	.30

Figure 1: Source ABMC Blue Book, pg. 501

- 1. What is being measured in this list? the avg. strength of combat divisions an W. Front in 1918
- 2. Who has the most troops in combat? Who has the least?

America treuch

- 3. Think about the context of World War I. How do you think America's late entrance may have affected their numbers? · fewer soldiers died from America; at that paint other nations had been highting for 4 years
 - · American troops were concentrated in one area; needed training, also most-needed there
- 4. How would this affect how other nations perceived American troops?

· relief -> needed help & morale boost

· disdain -> had not been fighting long, lacked expenience

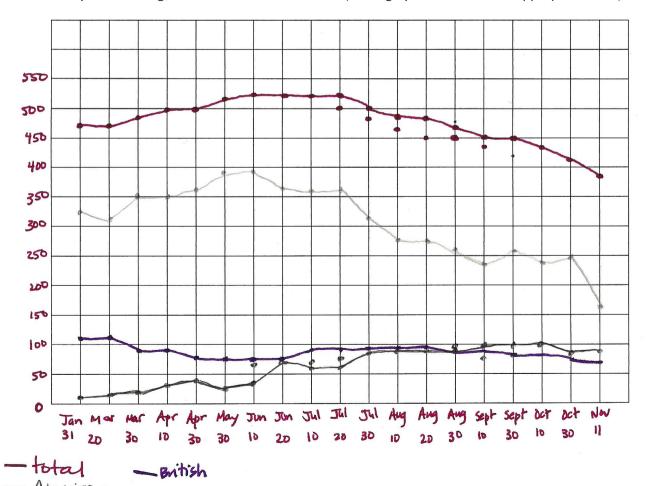
5. How would this impact the role of Americans in the decision making during and after the war?

Americans feel they have "saved the day" and shrull have a large vole, while the other nations are not as comfortable with that & want to use their experiences as reason to control the decision-making-

		4.63	.,,		4 40	511	err	1 1	14	HE	0	E: E: 1	re la	14.4	I by Ameri	can and .	Amed force	es in 1918	
Date	(191	8)													American	British	$French^{-1}$	Belgian	Total
Jan.	31	· e.	*		4	•	1				+			4	6	116	323	23	46
Mar.	20														17	116	312	23	46
Mar.	30						*							4	19	92	353	23	48
Apr.	10						*			ж					31	92	348	23	49
Apr.	30									*					34	83	358	23	49
May	30		4												704 mile	83	393	23	52
June	10					-16					_				36	83	389	23	53
June	20					,	,	*					900		65	83	360	23	53
July	10	*	٠				8	1					ŧ	8	62	92	354	23	53
July	20				*	*	u						v	4	55	92	362	23	53
July	30									*	*	*	+	4	68	92	318	23	50
Aug.	10			•				į					*	*	79	93	277	23	47
Aug.	20				*		٠	Ţ,							85	93	276	23	47
Aug.	30		*												90	87	262	23	46
Sept.	10	x.		*	,				k		I		w	*	98	87	241	23	44
Sept.	30				٠	*	,							,	82	83	258	28	45
Oct.	10					4			a.					Ł	101	83	244	15	44
Oct.	30												nine o la		79	68	248	15	41
Nov.	11														83	70	214	25	39

Figure 2: Source: ABMC Blue Book, pg. 501

1. Graph the miles gained over time for each unit. (A line graph would be most appropriate here).



	 2. When do American forces peak? What gethe timeline in your textbook (or that we are going on at this time? Oct 19,1918 highest from August to 3. What general trend do you notice regar 	e have referenced in class), what battles	nerican forces? Using or offensive measures
	The # of miles occupied dec		
	4. Does the progress gained seem consister is? Fairly consistent -> small	ent, or are there sharps gains and losses? Areas of land take a long time	
	E What other variables could affect how r	many miles of Western front were claime	ed by Americans?
	# of forus amining, stre	ength of other, forces, street	noth of German
Figure 3:		Allied	opponent
For the May 191 more than expendit was \$22, Armistic per hour amounte of this a of 22 bill entire of	war to the United States: the 25 months from April 1917 to 9 the war cost the United States on \$1,000,000 per hour. Its total ure, excluding loans to the Allies, 000,000,000. At the time of the the cost was about \$2,000,000 the The pay of officers and men d to only about 13 per cent amount. The total expenditure lions was practically equal to the ost of running the United States ment from 1791 to 1914, inclusive.		
	rurce: ABMC Blue Book, pg. 505 That statistic in this paragraph do you find most this were may vary.	st surprising? Why?	
	That other information would be helpful in order? How much did the average Did income of citizens or		
3. Но	ow do you think these expenditures affected frobally had to pay mon finance the war.		t bonds to

Figure 3:

Foreign loans made by the United States during and after the war:

The following table gives the status in 1937 of the foreign loans made by the United States during and after the World War. The last loan made was in 1929.

		Post-Ar	mistice		Total payments received to Nov. 1, 1937	
Country	Pre-Armistice cash loans	Cash loans	War supplies and relief supplies	Total loans		
Armenia			\$11,959,917.49	\$11,959,917.49		
Austria			24.055,708.92	24,055,708.92	\$862,668.00	
Belgium	\$171,780,000	\$177,434,467.89	29,872,732.54	379,087,200.43	52,191,273.24	
Cuba	10,060,000			10,000,000.00	12, 286, 751, 50	
Czecho Slovakia		61,974,041.10	29,905,629.93	91,879,671.03	20,134,092,26	
Estonia			13,999,145.60	13,999,145.60	1,248,482.0	
Finland			8,281,926.17	8,281,926.17	4,868,891.73	
France	1,970,000,000	1,027,477,800.00	407,341,145.01	3,404,818,945.01	486,075,891.00	
Great Britain	3,696,000,000	581,000,000.00		4,277,000,000,00	2,024,848,817.0	
Greece		127,167,000.00	***	27,167,000.00	3,778,384.0	
Hungary			1,685,835.61	1,685,835.61	468,466.3	
Italy	1,031,000,000	617,034,050.90	*********	1,648,634,056,90	100.829,880.1	
Latvia			5,132,287,14	= 5.132.287.14	761,549.0	
Liberia!		26,000,00		26,000.00	36,471.5	
Lithuania			4,981,628.03	4,981,628.03	1,237,956.5	
Nicaragua			431,849,14	431,849,14	168,575.8	
Poland			159,666,972,39	159,666,972.39	22,646,297,5	
Rumania		25,000,000,00		37,911,152.92	4,791,007.2	
Russia	187,729,750		4,871,547.37	192,601,297.37	8,750,311.8	
Yugoslavia	10,605,000	16,175,465.56	24,978,020,99	51,758,486,55	2,588,771.0	

¹ Includes \$12,167,000 authorized under act of Feb. 14, 1929.

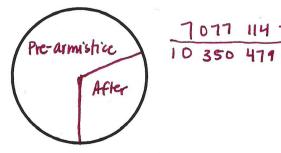
Figure 4: Source: ABMC Blue Book, pg. 506

1. Who received loans before the armistice was signed but not after? Why do you think this is?

Cuba + Russia

Russia dropped out of war before the armistice was signed.

2. Create a pie chart showing what percentage of America's loans was made before the armistice and after.



3. Does anything surprise you about this chart? Why or why not?

Answers may vary. Lots of \$1.

Includes \$3,736,628.42 acquired by U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corp. for services rendered.

[:] Exclusive of \$5,000,000 conditional advance not availed of and returned.

4. What countries received the most from the United States? Why do you think this is?

Great Britain France, Italy - bore brunt of fighting - Allies

5. Considering the information on this chart and the information on the cost of the war (Figure 3), how do you think many Americans felt about the war after it was over?

That it was a great expense-glad to be done with it!

				ualty numbers review e war? Consider milita				
financial contributions. How does this compare to the impact of other nations? Answer in a paragraph								
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